



Self Assessment Instrument

Assessing Student's performance of Life Skills in
Vocational Education and Training (VET)



Developing a reference norm

Estimation (How do you estimate your target group?)

Concerning your target group: In what Life Skills do you expect

Strong performance (+)

Average performance (+/-) and

Challenges in Performance (-)

	Life Skill	+	+/-	-
1	Problem Solving			
2	Critical Thinking			
3	Effective Communication Skills			
4	Decision Making			
5	Creative Thinking			
6	Interpersonal Relationship Skills			
7	Self-Awareness Building Skills			
8	Empathy			
9	Coping with Stress			
10	Coping with Emotions			

Why Life Skills Self-Assessment?

These are some reasons why Life Skills Self-Assessment might be important:

1. Better understand how well a student is performing in on Life Skills.
2. Better understand how well a group of students is performing in on Life Skills.
3. Grow intrinsic motivation of students for developing and improving Life Skills performance.
4. Students know their strengths and weaknesses in Life Skills Performance.
5. Teacher can offer training program for students based on their needs.(Data-driven decision making)



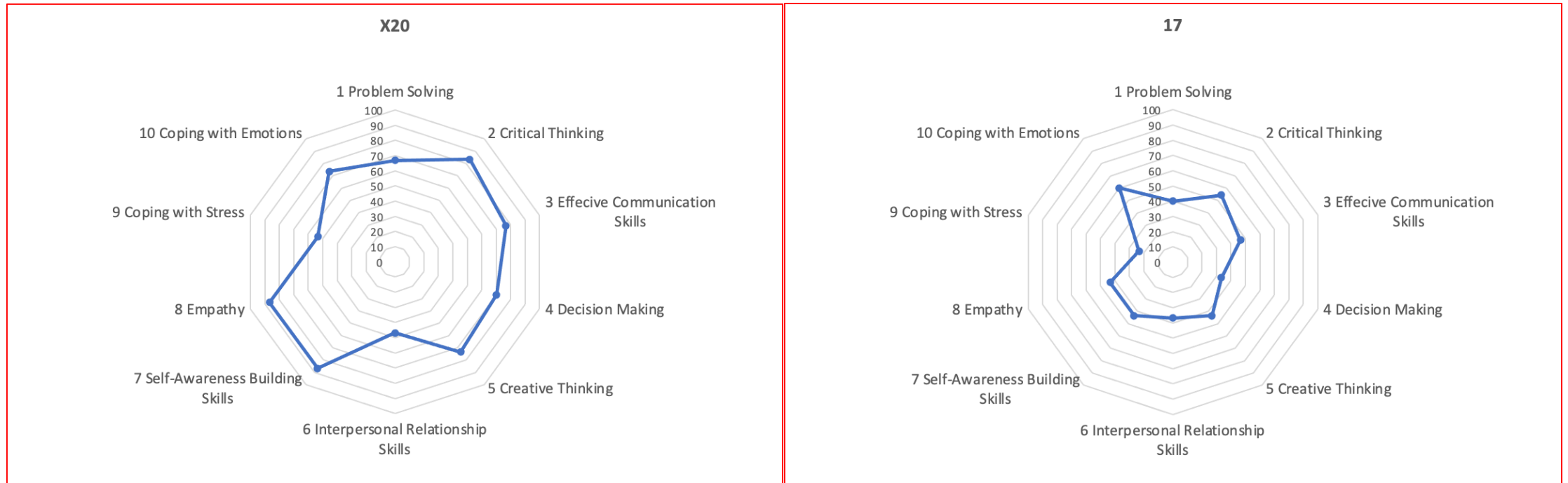
Challenges of questionnaire approach

- Social desirable answers
- Self-fulfilling prophecy
- Over estimating performance
- Under estimating performance
- Subjectivity
- Various life experiences
- Cultural background
- Size of reference group
- Composition of the reference group

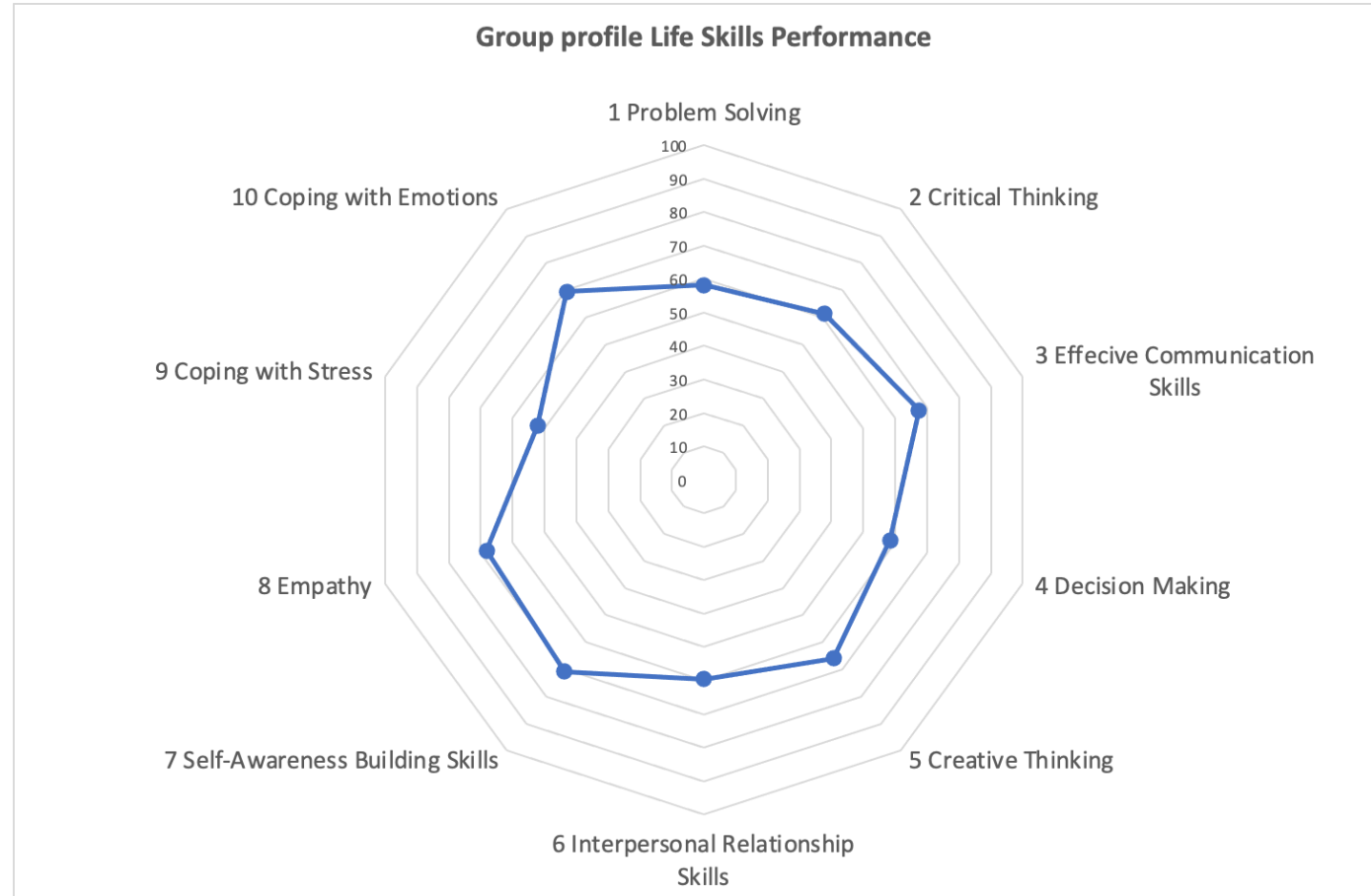




Individual Profiles Life Skills Performance



Group Profile Life Skills Performance



The challenge of identifying the Norm

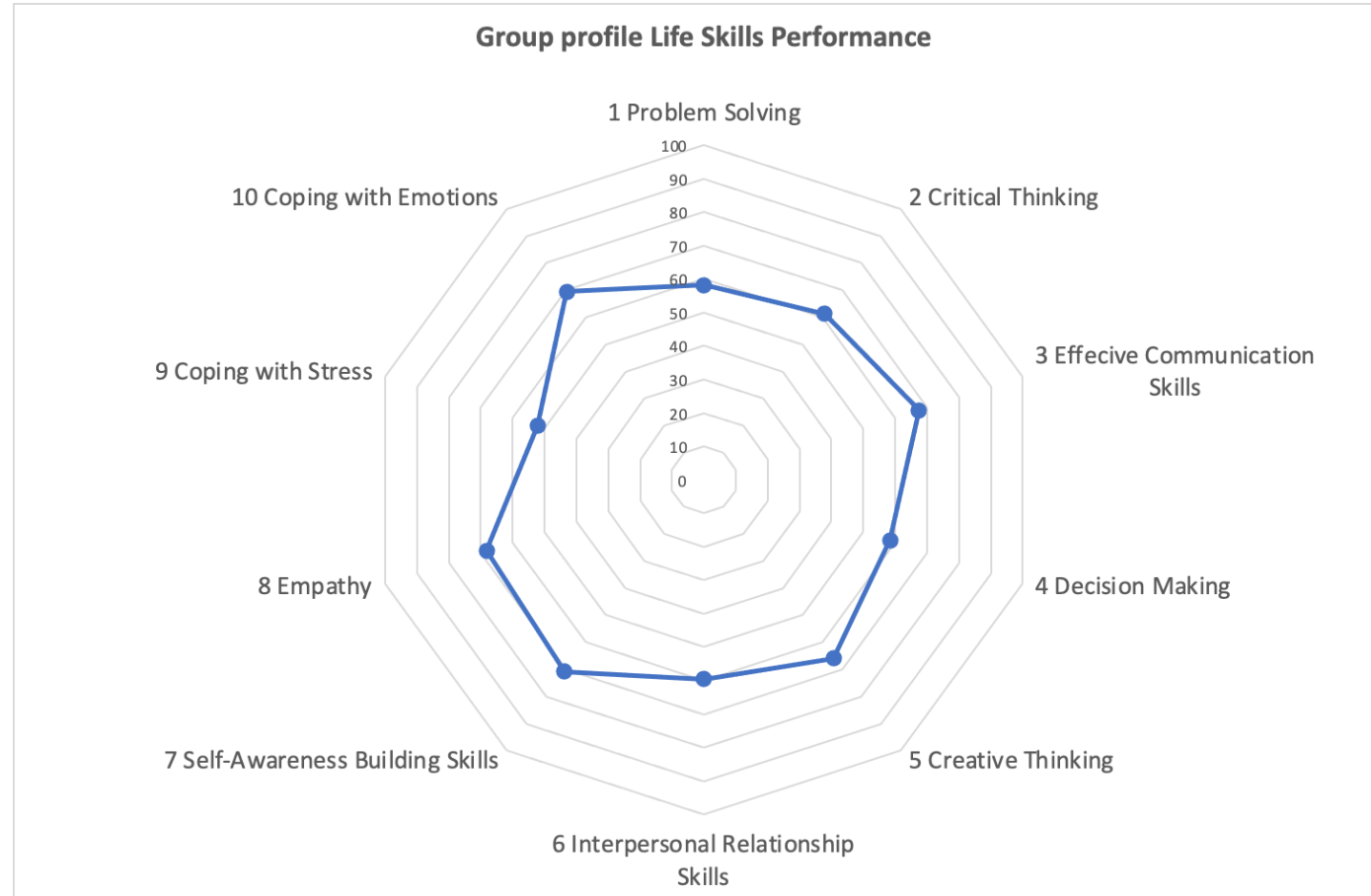
Norm groups

In order to derive proper meaning from someone's score on a scale in a questionnaire, the candidate's score is compared to a large group of others who took the questionnaire in the same test situation; the so-called norm group.

This ensures that conditions during the test are always the same and results from different tests can therefore be compared with each other.

In psychodiagnostics, the standard of a test is the scientifically sound comparison group with which the individual score is compared and therefore considered as a value.

Rea College (The Netherlands)



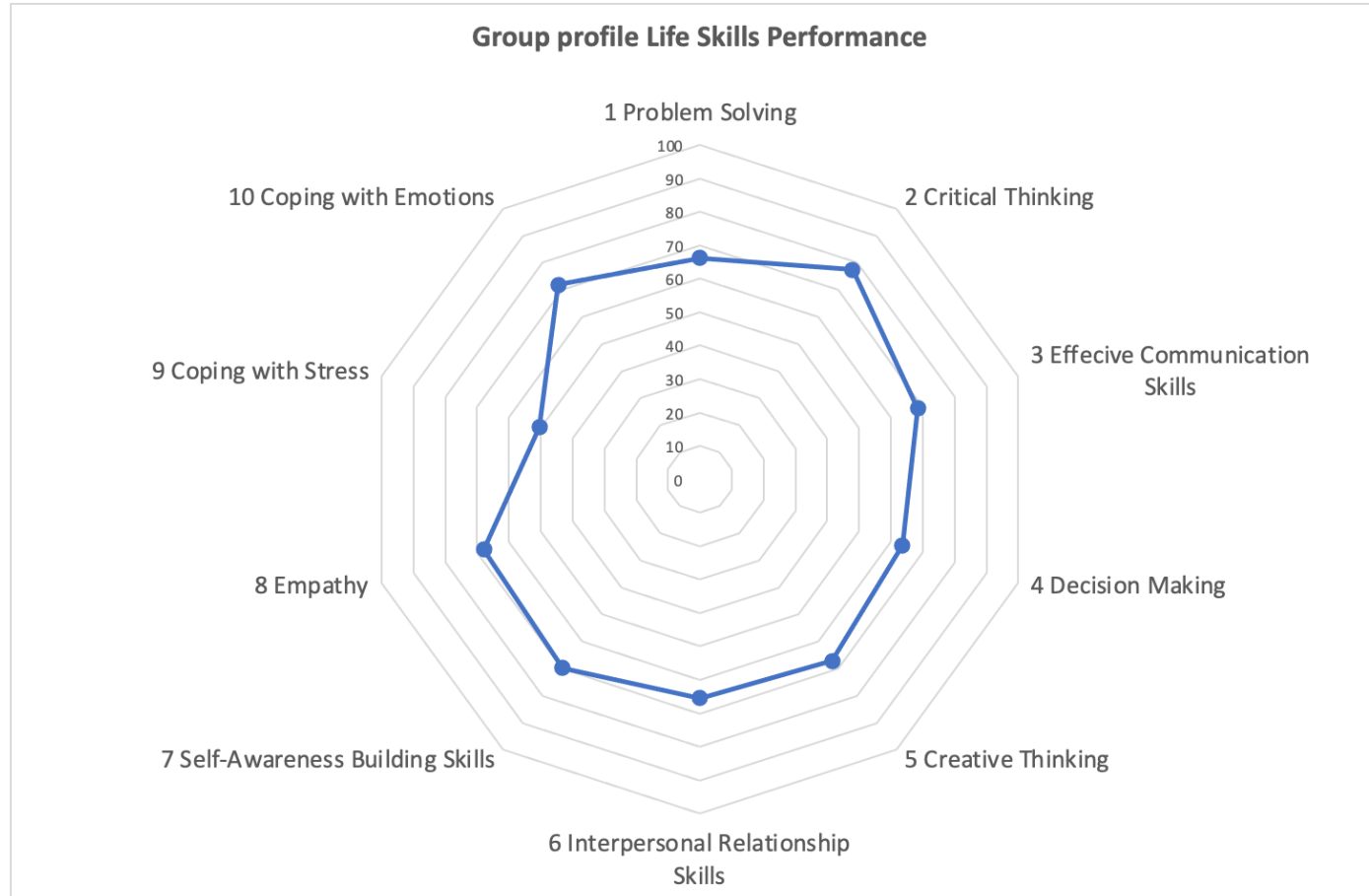
Average age: 18,9

BIC Ljubljana (Slovenia)



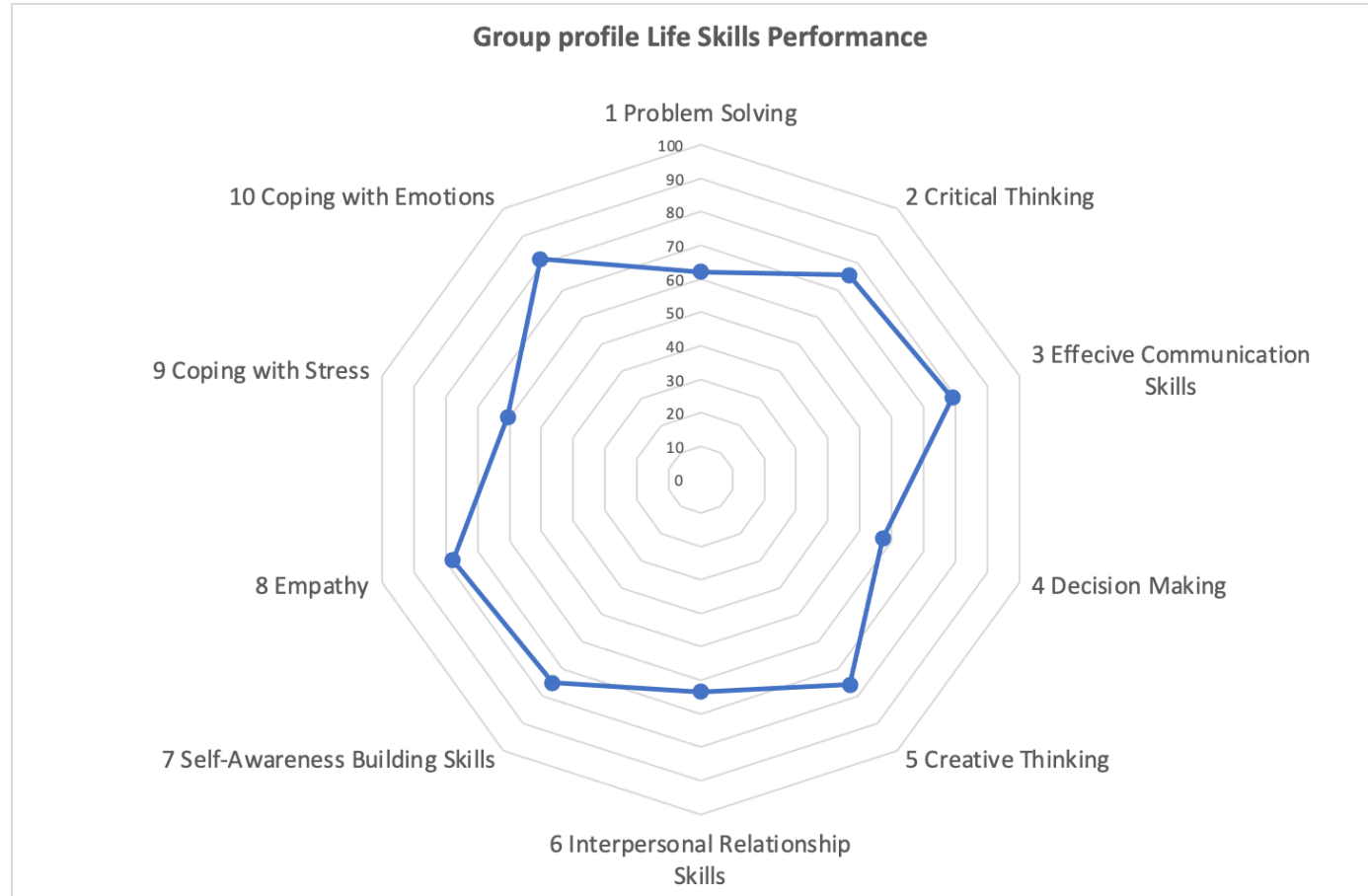
Average age: 19,4

Venetica (Italy)



Average age: 44,4

Tallinn School of Economics (TMK) (Estonia)



Average age: 31,1

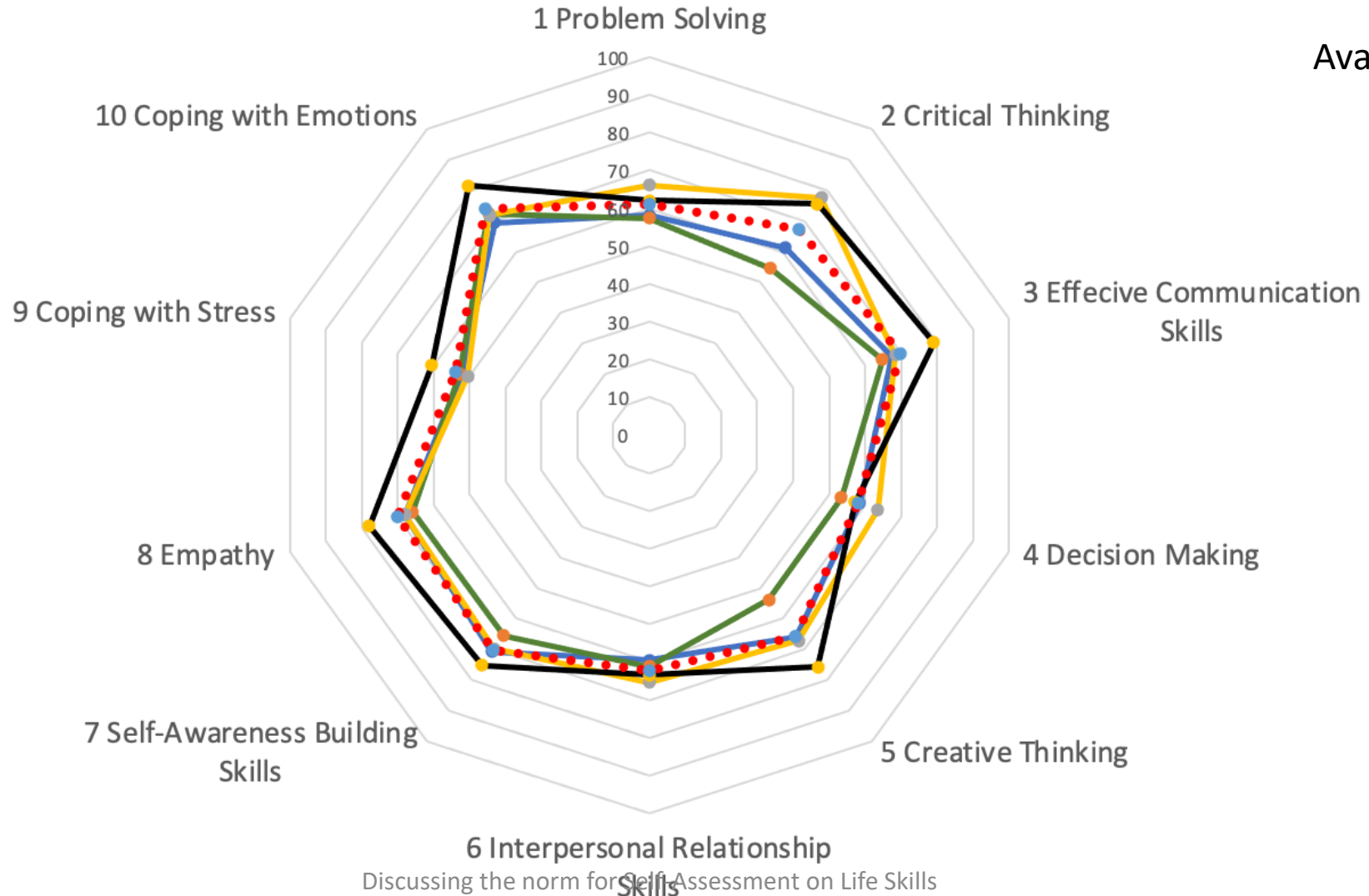


Overview Results Life Skills Assessment

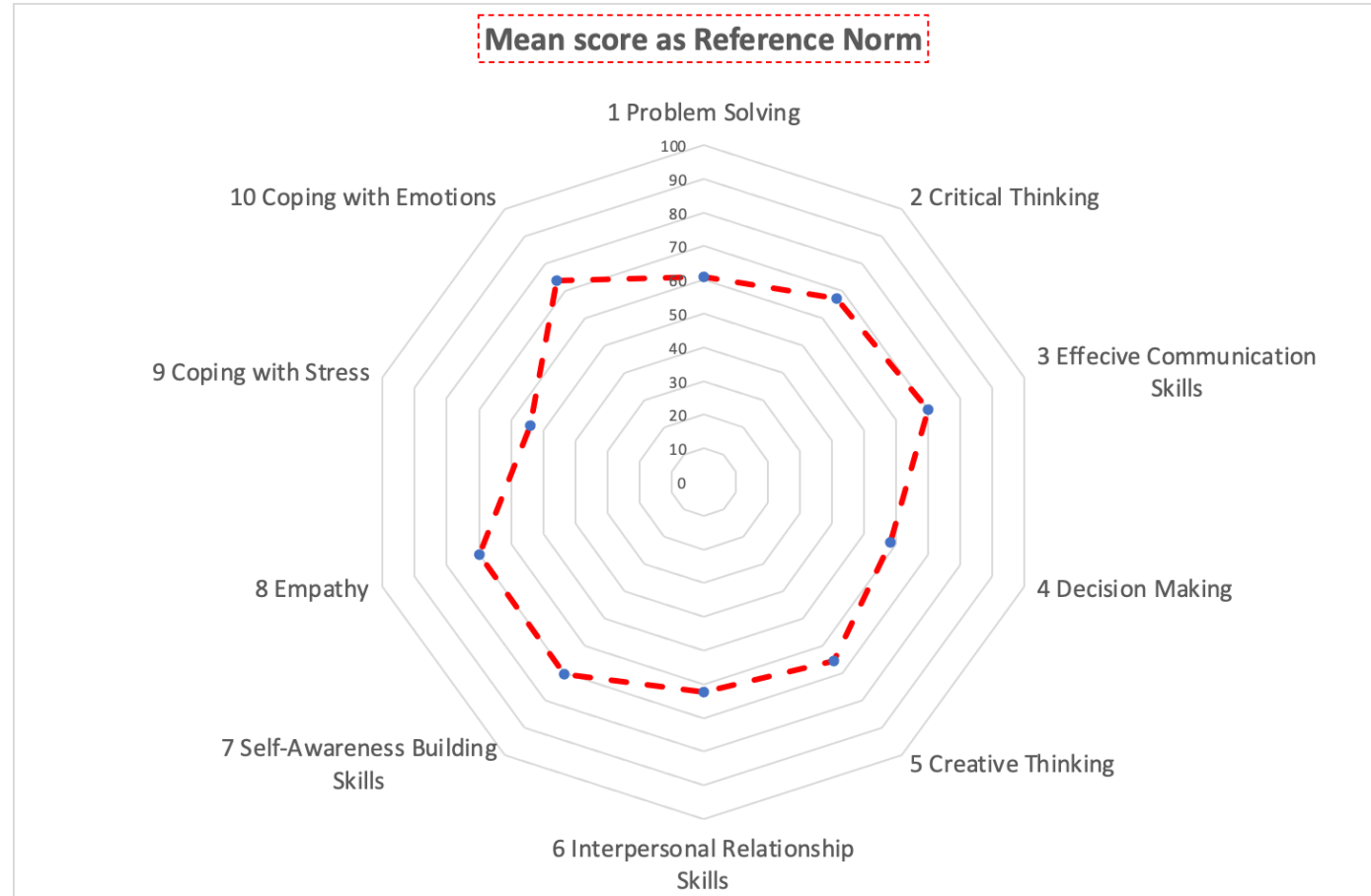
—●— NL —●— SLO —●— IT —●— EE ●●● Mean

Average LS: 65 Points

Average age: 28,5 Years

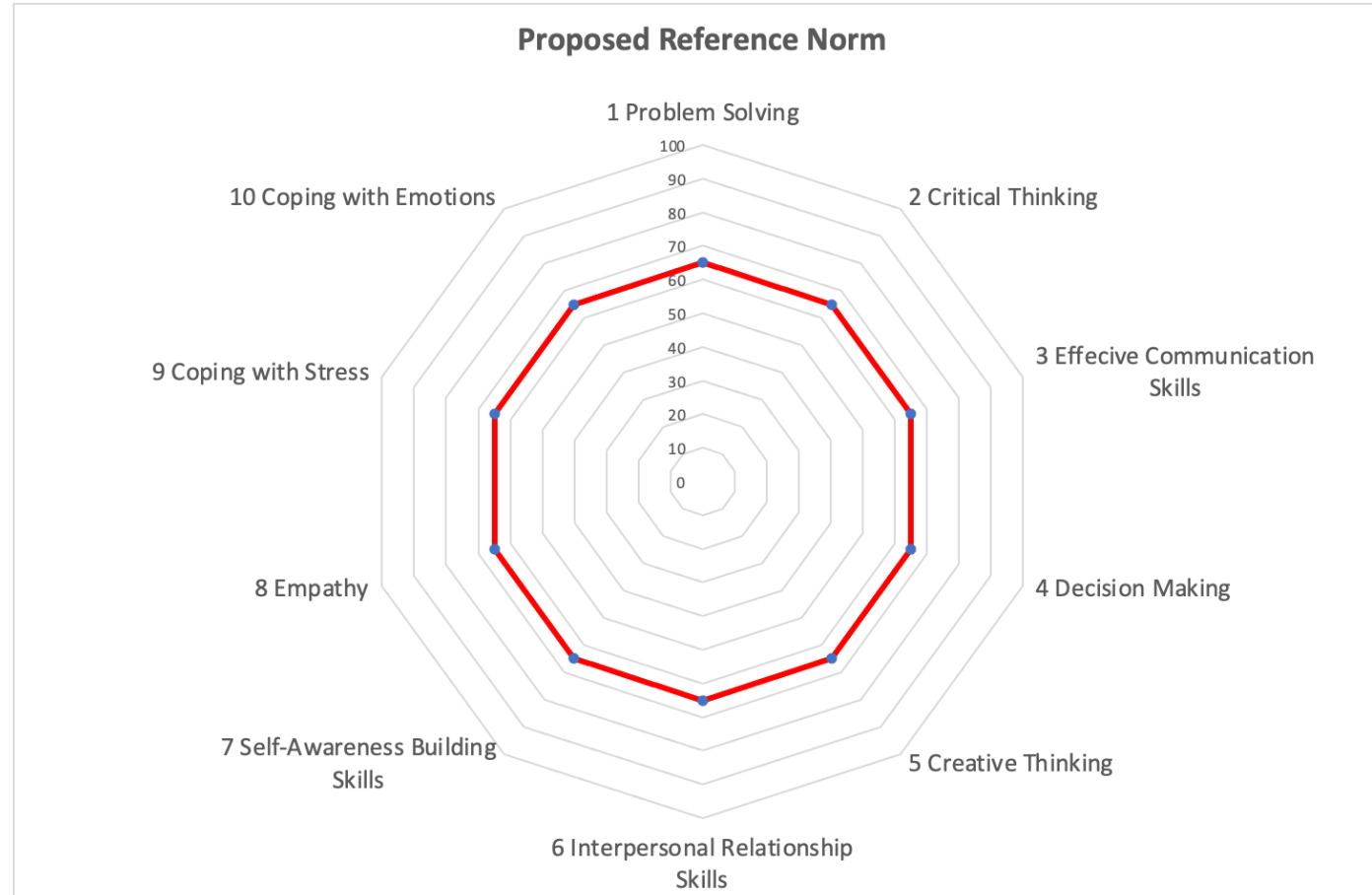


Statistical Everage (Mean)





Proposed Norm



A norm is needed.

No norm needed.

